

## Mechanical Engineering 431/538 - Advanced Fluid Mechanics

- Instructors: Nathanel Machicoane, nmachico@uw.edu, MEB 223, Office hours: Monday and Wednesday 2:30-3:30pm
- TA: Brad Perfect, bperfect@uw.edu, MEB 236, Office hours: Tuesday and Thursday 2:00-3:00 pm
- Text: A Physical Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, by Alexander J. Smits (2nd Edition).
- Schedule: MW Lectures 1:30-2:20pm: MEB 238  
F Lectures 12:30-1:30pm: MEB 248  
F Recitation 1:30-2:20pm: MEB 248
- Grading: Homework 40%, Midterm 25%, Computer Project 35%.
- Course Website: Homework assignments and solutions posted at: <http://courses.washington.edu/me431>
- Policy: You are encouraged to discuss homework problems with the instructor, the TA, and with other students. However, the homework that you hand in should be your own work. Explain your answers carefully, listing your principal assumptions, and do your work neatly. Please indicate at the top of the first page whether you are an undergraduate or a graduate student. Homework must be turned in in class on the indicated due dates. Late homework that is handed in at the main office will be downgraded 25% per day late. If you need an extension on homework due to unusual circumstances, ask the instructor at least one day prior to the deadline.

**Mid term 12:30-2:20, Friday, November 2**

**Computer project due 5:00pm, Friday, December 7**

### Computing Software

STAR-CCM+ is available on the ME Remote Desktop Server. It can be downloaded for use on personal computers.

Information on accessing and using STAR-CCM+ is available on the website

Matlab is available on the ME Remote Desktop Server. A student version can also be purchased at:

[http://www.mathworks.com/academia/student\\_version](http://www.mathworks.com/academia/student_version)

Although it's not required to have access to a personal laptop for the course, it is highly recommended. Laptop rentals are available through UW at <https://stlp.uw.edu/equipment/laptops>.

## Course Objectives

### Understanding

Enhanced understanding of fluid mechanics, including the equations of motion in differential form, and turbulence.  
Understand the basic concepts in computational fluid dynamics (CFD).  
Understand the basic elements in the use of commercial CFD software.

### Capabilities

For a given problem, be able to determine the appropriate differential equations of motion, initial conditions, and boundary conditions.  
For a given problem, be able to determine whether the flow is laminar or turbulent, and whether a turbulence model is required in its solution.  
For an application involving fluid mechanics, be able to utilize a commercial CFD software program in the problem solution.

## Syllabus

### Introduction

outline of course  
computing facilities  
homework, grading policies

### Equations of motion in differential form

conservation of mass, including the streamfunction, streamlines, examples  
momentum balance, including the definition of a Newtonian fluid, examples  
vorticity, velocity potential  
Bernoulli's equation revisited, examples

### Introduction to STAR-CCM+ software (in parallel with Equations of motion)

accessing STAR-CCM+; computer laboratories; remote desktop connection; install on own computer  
starting up STAR-CCM+; GUI  
overview of STAR-CCM+, documentation  
overview of the modeling process

### Laminar flows

some inviscid flow solutions  
some steady, parallel, viscous flows  
some unsteady, parallel, viscous flows

### Introduction to numerical methods

introduction, including various methods  
introduction to the use of STAR-CCM+  
finite-volume methods, including examples  
solving problems in fluid mechanics using numerical methods  
solution methods

### Turbulent flows

qualitative definition  
time averaging, including the closure problem, modeling  
Some applications

### Numerical methods (cont'd)

solution of nonlinear equations  
solution of system of equations

### Turbulent flows (cont'd)

turbulent jets, including visualizations  
similarity analysis, laboratory data  
turbulence modeling

### Compressible flows

introduction; acoustic waves  
shock waves  
effects of area changes